92_HB3146 LRB9204545DJmb

1 AN ACT to amend the Code of Civil Procedure by adding

- 2 Section 2-1306.
- 3 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 4 represented in the General Assembly:
- 5 Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by
- 6 adding Section 2-1306 as follows:
- 7 (735 ILCS 5/2-1306 new)
- 8 <u>Sec. 2-1306. Sunshine in litigation.</u>
- 9 <u>(a) As used in this Section, "public hazard" means an</u>
- 10 <u>instrumentality</u>, <u>including</u> but <u>not limited to a device</u>, <u>an</u>
- 11 <u>instrument</u>, a procedure, a product, or a condition of a
- 12 <u>device</u>, an instrument, a procedure, or a product, that has
- caused and is likely to cause injury.
- 14 (b) Except under this Section, no court may enter an
- 15 <u>order or a judgment that has the purpose or effect of</u>
- 16 <u>concealing a public hazard or any information concerning a</u>
- 17 <u>public hazard, nor may the court enter an order or a judgment</u>
- 18 that has the purpose or effect of concealing any information
- 19 <u>that would give notice to members of the public of a</u>
- 20 <u>potential injury that may result from the public hazard.</u>
- 21 (c) Any portion of an agreement or a contract that has
- 22 the purpose or effect of concealing a public hazard, any
- 23 <u>information concerning a public hazard, or any information</u>
- 24 that may be useful to members of the public in protecting
- 25 themselves from injury that may result form the public hazard
- is void, contrary to public policy, and may not be enforced.
- 27 (d) Any substantially affected person, including but not
- 28 <u>limited to representatives of news media, has standing to</u>
- 29 <u>contest an order, a judgment, an agreement, or a contract</u>
- 30 that violates this Section. A person may contest an order, a
- 31 judgment, an agreement, or a contract that violates this

- 1 <u>Section by motion in the court that entered the order or</u>
- 2 judgment or by bringing an action for declaratory judgment.
- 3 (e) Upon motion and good cause shown by a party
- 4 <u>attempting to prevent disclosure of information or materials</u>
- 5 that have not previously been disclosed, including but not
- 6 <u>limited to alleged trade secrets, the court may examine the</u>
- 7 <u>disputed information or materials in camera. If the court</u>
- 8 <u>finds that there is probable cause to believe that the</u>
- 9 <u>information or materials or portions of the information or</u>
- 10 <u>materials consist of information concerning a public hazard</u>
- 11 or information that would give notice to members of the
- 12 public of a potential injury that may result from a public
- 13 <u>hazard</u>, the court may allow disclosure of the information or
- 14 <u>materials. If allowing disclosure, the court may allow</u>
- 15 <u>disclosure of only that portion of the information or</u>
- 16 <u>materials necessary or useful to the public regarding the</u>
- 17 <u>public hazard.</u>
- 18 (f) This Section applies to causes of action accruing on
- 19 <u>or after July 1, 2001.</u>
- 20 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July
- 21 1, 2001.